

**ALGEBRAIC THEORY I HW 5: DUE (IN CLASS) WEDNESDAY
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Question 1. Let G be a group and let H and K be normal subgroups with $H \cap K = \{1\}$. Show that $hk = kh$ for all $h \in H$ and $k \in K$.

Question 2. Let G be a nontrivial group and let H be a maximal normal subgroup of G , meaning H is maximal by inclusion among all proper, normal subgroups of G . Show that G/H has no proper, nontrivial normal subgroups.

Question 3. Let G be a group acting transitively on the set Ω and let $\alpha : G \rightarrow \text{Perm}(\Omega)$ be the corresponding homomorphism given by $\alpha(g)(x) = x^g$ for $g \in G$ and $x \in \Omega$. For any $x \in \Omega$, show that $\ker \alpha = \bigcap_{g \in G} gG_xg^{-1}$.

Question 4. Let G be a group acting transitively on a finite set Ω , and let H be a normal subgroup of G . Consider the action of H on Ω inherited from G and let $\mathcal{O}_1, \dots, \mathcal{O}_r$ be the distinct orbits of this action.

1. Show that there is a well-defined action of G on $\{\mathcal{O}_1, \dots, \mathcal{O}_r\}$ defined by $\mathcal{O}_i^g = \{x^g : x \in \mathcal{O}_i\}$, with this action transitive.
2. Show that $|\mathcal{O}_i| = |\mathcal{O}_j|$ for all $i, j \in [1, r]$.
3. For $x \in \mathcal{O}_1$, show that $|\mathcal{O}_1| = |H : H \cap G_x|$ and $r = |G : HG_x|$.

Question 5. Let G be a group which acts transitively on a finite set Ω . Define a block to be a nonempty subset $B \subseteq \Omega$ such that, for every $g \in G$, B and $B^g = \{x^g : x \in B\}$ are either disjoint or equal.

1. Show that the definition $B^g = \{x^g : x \in B\}$, for a block B and $g \in G$, gives a well defined group action of G on the set $\Omega_B := \{B^g : g \in G\}$.
2. If B is a block with $x \in B$, then $G_x \leq G_B = \{g \in G : B^g = B\} \leq G$.
3. Show that there does not exist a block B with $1 < |B| < |\Omega|$ if and only if, for every $x \in \Omega$, the only subgroups of G containing G_x are G_x and G .